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CAPE COD MUNICIPAL HEALTH GROUP

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS WITH REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2012 and 2011 WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS WITH REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION Years Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Steering Committee Cape Cod Municipal Health Group

I have audited the accompanying statements of Cape Cod Municipal Health Group (the Group), as of and for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Group's management. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on my audits.

I conducted my audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform my audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. I believe that my audits provide a reasonable basis for my opinion.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Cape Cod Municipal Health Group as of June 30, 2012 and 2011, and the changes in financial position and cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued a report dated November 28, 2012 on my consideration of the Cape Cod Municipal Health Group's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and should be read in conjunction with this report in considering the results of my audits.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis on pages iv through vi and the ten-year claims development information on page 10 be presented to supplement the financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the financial statements, is required by the Government Auditing Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information, which consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge obtained during the audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Bill Fraher, CPA

Boston, Massachusetts November 28, 2012



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Steering Committee Cape Cod Municipal Health Group

I have audited the financial statements of Cape Cod Municipal Health Group (the Group), Barnstable, Massachusetts, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011, and have issued my report thereon dated November 28, 2012. I conducted my audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit, I considered the Group's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control over financial reporting.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the Group's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

My consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this report and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that I consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, I consider the deficiency described in the following paragraph to be a significant deficiency in internal control over financial reporting.

The Group's Treasurer performs or supervises all functions and controls that initiate, record and process all of the Group's transactions and financial reporting. This lack of segregation of duties is a combination of control deficiencies that I consider to be a significant deficiency. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency or combination of deficiencies in internal control such that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Views of Responsible Officials: The Board intends to take this under advisement and to continue to monitor and evaluate financial reporting and internal controls on an ongoing basis and take corrective actions as necessary.



To the Steering Committee
Cape Cod Municipal Health Group
Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Group's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of the Group's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported herein under Government Auditing Standards.

I noted certain matters related to internal control over financial reporting and compliance and other matters that I reported to the Group in a separate letter dated November 28, 2012.

This report is intended for the information of the Group, its management, and other appropriate government agencies and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Bill Fraher, CPA

Boston, Massachusetts November 28, 2012

Management's Discussion & Analysis June 30, 2012

The management of Cape Cod Municipal Health Group (the Group) offers readers of our financial statements the following narrative overview and analysis of our financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2012. Please read this discussion and analysis in conjunction with the Group's basic financial statements on the accompanying pages.

Basic Financial Statements

The basic financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when incurred. The basic financial statements include a statement of net assets, a statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net assets; a statement of cash flows and notes to the financial statements.

The statement of net assets presents information on the assets and liabilities of the Group, with the difference being reported as net assets.

The statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets reports the operating and non-operating revenues and expenses of the Group for the fiscal year. The net result of these activities combined with the beginning of the year net assets reconciles to the net assets at the end of the current fiscal year.

The statement of cash flows reports the changes in cash for the year resulting from operating and investing activities. The net result of the changes in cash for the year, when added to the balance of cash at the beginning of the year, equals cash at the end of the year.

The notes to the financial statements provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the financial statements. The notes to the financial statements follow the basic financial statements described above.

Financial Highlights

- Assets exceeded liabilities by \$20,845,275 (net assets) at the close of the fiscal year. This
 is down 8.3% from the prior year. Net assets at June 30, 2012 represent 14.8% of fiscal
 year 2012 claims expense. At June 30, 2011 net assets represented 17.27% of fiscal year
 2011 claims expense.
- For the year ended June 30, 2012, net assets decreased by (\$1,897,662) or 8.32% compared to a (\$498,285) or 2.15% decrease for fiscal year 2011.
- The statement of cash flows identifies the sources and uses of cash activity for the fiscal year and displays a net increase in cash of \$2,468,628 for fiscal year 2012 compared to a \$2,354,831 increase in cash for fiscal year 2011.

Management's Discussion & Analysis June 30, 2012

• The increase in cash for 2012 is primarily a result of better than expected claims experience, despite the utilization of a portion of Group fund balance to minimize increases in the FY 2012 plan rates, as well as prepayment of claims via the level monthly deposit. The increase in cash for 2011 is primarily a result of better than expected claims experience and timing of member payments at year-end.

For fiscal year 2011, the Group's operating results resulted in an approximately \$1.0 million utilization of fund balance. This utilization was better than anticipated as the Group utilized a portion of its fund balance to minimize increases in the FY 2011 plan rates. Actuarial assumptions are used in projecting annual claims costs for each health plan on a per member/per month basis and a rate, on a plan by plan basis, is set to fund the aggregate of the total projected claims and other Group costs.

The Group has adopted a fund balance policy which provides for a target range of unrestricted net assets of between 8 - 12% of claims for the Group to maintain for operating purposes.

Additionally, during FY 2012 and 2011 the Group authorized the return of approximately \$1.65 and \$1.1 million, respectively of previously collected federal Medicare Part D employer subsidy to its employer members. Investment income on the Group's investment portfolio of \$484,933, when applied to the operating income(loss) and less the return of Medicare Part D subsidies, results in a net decrease of the Group's net assets of approximately \$250,625.

Condensed Financial Information

A comparative summary of financial information is presented below:

			Increase/	
	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>	(Decrease)	% Change
Cash	\$ 25,442,812	\$ 22,974,184	\$ 2,468,628	10.75
Investments	11,581,551	11,095,334	486,217	4.38
Other current assets	1,451,261	<u>2,976,607</u>	(1,525,346)	(51.24)
Total assets	38,475,624	37,046,125	1,429,499	3.86
Claims liabilities	17,367,706	13,988,759	3,378,947	24.15
Other current liabilities	<u>262,643</u>	<u>314,429</u>	(51,786)	(16.47)
Total liabilities	17,630,349	14,303,188	3,327,161	23.26
Unrestricted net assets	\$ 20,845,275	<u>\$ 22,742,937</u>	\$ (1,897,662)	(8.34)
Member assessments	\$ 147,985,924	\$ 138,022,580	\$ 9,963,344	7.22
Medicare part D & COBRA subsidy	1,610,056	1,672,619	(62,563)	(3.74)
Claims expense	(141,109,012)	(131,629,753)	9,479,259	7.20
Claims administration expenses	(6,549,826)	(6,485,162)	64,664	1.00
Other group expenses	(2,672,700)	(2,584,125)	<u>88,575</u>	3.43
Operating income (loss)	(735,558)	(1,003,841)	268,283	26.73
Distribution of Med. Pt. D to employers	(1,647,037)	(1,084,810)	562,227	51.83
Investment income (loss)	484,933	<u>1,590,366</u>	(1,105,433)	(69.51)
Change in net assets	\$ (1,897,662)	\$ (498,285)	<u>\$ (1,399,377)</u>	(280.84)

Management's Discussion & Analysis June 30, 2012

Economic Factors Affecting the Subsequent Year

The Group is operating in an environment of escalating health care costs. Given this environment the Group is actively participating in ongoing wellness programs to promote healthier lifestyles and ultimately to reduce health claim costs. In addition, the Group has been evaluating its prescription drug benefit on an ongoing basis and has provided a discretionary opportunity to its members to purchase certain prescription drugs from pre-approved, foreign suppliers. The foreign purchasing option results in a net savings to the Group in reduced claims costs and to the individual member in the form of reduced co-pays.

The Massachusetts Municipal Health Care Reform Law was enacted on July 1, 2011. The law provides municipal employers with an expedited collective bargaining process to negotiate plan design changes provided the plan design changes do not go beyond the plan design of the Group Insurance Commission's (GIC) most popular plan. The law also gives joint purchase groups the authority to approve such plan design changes and then requires each participating employer to follow the expedited bargaining process or other approved bargaining process. The CCMHG approved plan design changes for FY13 are similar to the plan design of the GIC benchmark plan. All CCMHG participating employers successfully bargained these changes which collectively will reduce the CCMHG FY13 expenses.

Prior to June 30, 2012, the Group's Board of Directors set the rate structure for fiscal year 2013 plan participation. The rate structure resulted in a blended premium rate decrease of approximately 9.6%. The rates were set to fund the estimated cost of claims, plus other group expenses and the Group is expected to use approximately \$8 million of the Groups unreserved fund balance to maintain compliance with its fund balance policy.

Request for information

This financial report is intended to provide an overview of the finances of the Group. Any questions concerning this report, or for additional information, please contact the Group's benefit administrator, Group Benefits Strategies at 800-229-8008, or Treasurer, Richard D. Bienvenue, CPA.

Statement of Net Assets June 30, 2012 and 2011 (Notes 1 and 2)

	2012 <u>Total</u>	2011 <u>Total</u>
<u>ASSETS</u>		
Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3)	\$ 25,442,812	\$ 22,974,184
Investments (Note 3)	11,581,551	11,095,334
Receivables:		
Member accounts	72,654	848,560
Reinsurance claims	328,901	716,394
Medicare part D receivable	627,607	1,000,001
Reserve for uncollectible accounts	(10,000)	(10,000)
Total receivables	1,019,162	2,554,955
Prepaid expenses	15,399	7,552
Deposits with insurance carriers	416,700	414,100
Total assets	\$ 38,475,624	\$ 37,046,125
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 63,084	\$ 5,400
RDS due members	-	189,568
Claims liabilities (Note 5)	17,367,706	13,988,759
Participants' advance contributions	199,559	119,461
Total liabilities	17,630,349	14,303,188
NET ASSETS	•	
Unrestricted:		
Medical and dental programs	20,845,275	22,742,937
Total unrestricted/net assets	20,845,275	22,742,937
Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 38,475,624	\$ 37,046,125

Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Assets Years Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 (Notes 1 and 2)

	2012 <u>Total</u>	2011 <u>Total</u>
Operating revenues:		
Participants' contributions	\$ 147,985,924	\$ 138,022,580
Medicare part D refund	1,610,056	1,367,429
ARRA COBRA subsidy	-	305,190
Total operating revenues	149,595,980	139,695,199
Operating expenses:		
Health claims incurred	141,109,012	131,629,753
Claims administration charges	6,549,826	6,485,162
Fixed premiums	374,352	358,374
Stop loss insurance premiums	1,097,282	1,112,760
Consulting services	794,148	779,342
Other administrative services	310,637	253,832
Wellness program	96,281	79,817
Total operating expenses	150,331,538	140,699,040
Operating income	(735,558)	(1,003,841)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		
Investment income	484,933	1,574,955
Distributions to members	(1,647,037)	(1,084,810)
Other income (expense)	-	15,411
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses):	(1,162,104)	505,556
Changes in net assets	(1,897,662)	(498,285)
Net assets, beginning of year	22,742,937	23,241,222
Net assets, end of year	\$ 20,845,275	\$ 22,742,937

Statement of Cash Flows Years Ended June 30, 2012 and 2011 (Notes 1 and 2)

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from participants	\$ 148,841,928	\$ 137,044,453
Other operating cash receipts - Medicare Part D & ARRA	1,982,450	1,536,685
Cash paid to insurance providers and other vendors	(146,707,429)	(135,370,879)
RDS amounts paid to members and other	(1,647,037)	(1,069,399)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	2,469,912	2,140,860
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Purchases and sales of investments (net)	(486,217)	(1,360,984)
Interest income on deposits	484,933	1,574,955
Net cash (used) by investing activities	(1,284)	213,971
Net (decrease) in cash	2,468,628	2,354,831
Cash, beginning of year	22,974,184	20,619,353
Cash, end of year	\$ 25,442,812	\$ 22,974,184
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided		
by operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$ (735,558)	\$ (1,003,841)
RDS amounts paid to members and other	(1,647,037)	(1,069,399)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		
Receivables	1,535,793	(1,521,077)
Prepaids	(7,847)	2,154,175
Deposits	(2,600)	(34,800)
Accounts payable	57,684	(29,752)
RDS due members	(189,568)	189,568
Claims liabilities	3,378,947	3,765,364
Other liabilities	80,098	(309,378)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 2,469,912	\$ 2,140,860

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2012 and 2011

Note 1. Description of Group

Cape Cod Municipal Health Group (the Group), Barnstable, Massachusetts, is a Massachusetts Municipal Joint Health Insurance Purchase Group formed pursuant to Massachusetts General Laws, Chapter 32B, Section 12 under a certain joint purchase agreement which became effective in July 1987. The Group became operational in November 1987. As a governmental entity, the Group is not subject to the provisions of the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 nor is it subject to federal and state income taxes.

The Group offers health benefits to all eligible employees and retirees of its fifty-three participating governmental units.

Participating governmental units consist of those municipal groups that have signed a Joint Negotiation and Purchase of Health Coverage governmental agreement. At June 30, 2010, participants are the towns of Barnstable, Brewster, Chatham, Dennis, Eastham, Falmouth, Harwich, Mashpee, Orleans, Provincetown, Sandwich, Truro, Wellfleet, and Yarmouth; Bourne Recreation Authority; Barnstable Fire District, Centerville-Osterville-Marstons Mills Fire District, Cotuit Fire District, Hyannis Fire District, and West Barnstable Fire District; Bourne Water District, Buzzards Bay Water District, Dennis Water District, Mashpee Water District, North Sagamore Water District, and Sandwich Orleans/Brewster/Eastham Groundwater Protection District; Cape Cod Collaborative; Cape Cod Regional Technical High School, Dennis-Yarmouth Regional School District, The Lighthouse Charter School, Nauset Regional School District, and Upper Cape Cod Vocational Technical High School; Veterans Services of Cape Cod; Barnstable County; and Cape Cod Regional Transit Authority. In addition, the Group entered into a Joint Negotiation Purchase of Health Coverage with the Dukes County Municipal Health Group which now consists of Dukes County Commissioners; the towns of Chilmark, Edgartown, Gosnold, Oak Bluffs, Tisbury, West Tisbury, and Aquinnah; Martha's Vineyard Refuse Disposal and Resource Recovery District; Martha's Vineyard Commission; Martha's Vineyard Land Bank Commission; Oak Bluffs Water District; Martha's Vineyard Regional School District; Up-Island Regional School District; Martha's Vineyard Charter School; and Martha's Vineyard Transit Authority. The number of subscribers in the selffunded medical plans was approximately 10,000 at June 30, 2012 and 2011.

Governmental units may apply for membership and be added to the Group, commencing on a date mutually agreed upon, provided that no less than two-thirds of the Board representatives present at a duly called meeting of the Board vote to accept such additional participants.

Any participating governmental unit may withdraw participation at its discretion. A governmental unit that elects to terminate participation in the Group must notify the Cape Cod Municipal Health Group Board (the Board) of such intent to withdraw 90 days prior to the stated anniversary date of the basic health contracts and shall take effect on such anniversary date.

There is no liability for premium or administrative expense following the effective date of termination of a participating governmental unit's coverage under a contract purchased through the Group except for the governmental unit's proportionate share of any deficit in the Cape Cod Municipal Health Group Trust (the Trust) as of its termination date, or of any premium expense or any subsequent expense for its covered individuals continued on the plan after termination. In the case of a certified surplus (uncommitted fund balance), a unit that withdraws from the Group on anniversary is entitled to receive a proportionate share of any increase in the uncommitted fund balance that occurred during the governmental unit's last year of

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2012 and 2011

Note 1. Description of Group (continued)

participation in the Group. If the uncommitted fund balance did not increase during the unit's last year of participation the unit is not entitled to any share of the uncommitted fund balance.

Contributions to the Group's trust fund from participating governmental units are on a monthly basis. The payment is calculated by the Board and is determined to be 100% of the cost of coverage of the Group as a whole (including, but not limited to, anticipated incurred claims, retention, risk, and group administration expenses) as established through underwriting and/or actuarial estimates.

The Group's Board may deal with certified surpluses and deficits through the rate setting process and this is the preferred method. Alternatively, the Group may deal with certified surpluses and deficits by making direct distributions to members in the case of a certified surplus or may require direct payments from members in the case of a certified deficit.

Health benefits consist of a traditional medical indemnity program and a Medex program with Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Massachusetts. The traditional medical indemnity program consists of Master Health Plus and Master Health/Master Medical, and Master Medical Medicare Carveout plans. In addition, the Group has adopted an Exclusive Provider Organization plan with Harvard Pilgrim Health Care and a self-funded medi-wrap plan, Harvard Pilgrim Health Care Enhance Medicare. All of these plans are self-funded. The Group has adopted four Medicare+Choice plans: Medicare HMO Blue, Managed Blue for Seniors and Tufts Medicare Preferred and Medicare Preferred Prime (fully insured).

The Group has adopted Blue Cross/Blue Shield (BC/BS) Network Blue, a self-funded, Exclusive Provider Organization (EPO) plan as well as two Preferred Provider Organization (PPO) plans. Blue Care Elect Preferred PPO is administered by BCBS, and Harvard Pilgrim PPO is administered by HPHC. Both PPO plans are self-funded.

In addition to the traditional HPHC PPO and EPO plans, the Group also offers so-called "Rate Saver" options based upon these plans, with selected benefit reductions, in order to provide lower premium options.

The Group has adopted a contributory dental insurance plan (self-funded) and a voluntary dental plan, which was premium based through June 30, 2007 and changed to a self-funded basis effective July 1, 2007. These plans are administered by Delta Dental Plan of Massachusetts for a monthly administration fee, based on the number of subscribers.

Effective July 1, 2009, the Group adopted a self-funded vision plan administered by EyeMed Vision Care for a monthly administration fee based on the number of subscribers.

The traditional medical indemnity plans, Blue Care Elect Preferred PPO plan, Network Blue EPO plan, and Medex plan are on a claims-paid basis and are administered by Blue Cross and Blue Shield of Massachusetts for a monthly administration fee based on the number of individual, single parent/single child, and family plan subscribers for that particular month.

The Harvard Pilgrim EPO plan, Harvard Pilgrim PPO plan, Rate Saver plans and Harvard Pilgrim Health Care Enhance Medicare plan are on a claims-paid basis and are administered by Harvard Pilgrim Health Care for a monthly administration fee based on the number of individual and family plan subscribers for that particular month.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2012 and 2011

Note 1. Description of Group (continued)

The Group has a specific excess medical and prescription drug claims reinsurance contract with an insurance carrier covering claims paid in excess of \$500,000, and \$300,000 per individual, to a lifetime maximum amount payable of \$2,000,000, at June 30, 2012 and 2011, respectively, for the traditional medical indemnity plan. The Group reinsures its Carveout A plan with a policy with a \$50,000 specific deductible. The Group does not reinsure its Medex and HPHC Medicare Enhance plans. The policy period covers claims incurred within 12 months and paid within 24 months.

The Group employs the services of John R. Sharry, Incorporated, d/b/a Group Benefits Strategies (GBS), to provide certain management, consulting, and technical functions and to audit medical claims paid. The current agreement with GBS is for a three-year term ending January 31, 2015, and provides for an annual fee based on the number of subscribers. The agreement may be terminated by either party at any time with sixty (60) days prior, written notice.

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Financial statements present net assets at June 30, revenues, expenses, and changes in net assets and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, which recognize revenues from contributions and earnings when earned and expenditures when liabilities are incurred.

Surplus and deficits are accounted for separately for the medical programs and the dental program. Accordingly, these funds are presented separately in the accompanying financial statements.

Contributions to the plans from participating governmental units are determined annually for the next fiscal year based on current operating results and estimated program costs for that year. Participants are billed monthly. Participant advance contributions are recorded as liabilities until earned.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Generally, the Group is authorized to invest in the following investments: term deposits or certificates of deposit, trust companies, national banks, savings banks or banking companies, or obligations issued or unconditionally guaranteed by the United States Government or an agency thereof and having a maturity from date of purchase of one year or less with certain other limitations, or such securities as are legal for the investment of funds of savings banks under the bank's laws of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts based on a legal opinion received by the Group.

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand; cash in checking, savings or money market accounts; repurchase agreements; other short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less; and the Commonwealth of Massachusetts Municipal Depository Trust (MMDT) which has legislative approval for municipal use.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2012 and 2011

Note 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Claims' Liabilities

The Group's obligations include estimated health claims incurred but not reported at June 30. The Group uses the latest reported claims to record the Group's payable of reported claims and to estimate health claims incurred but not reported as of that date. Actual claims reported differ from claims estimated, but the size of the Group and stop-loss coverage minimizes the risk of a significant difference. Claims' liabilities are reviewed periodically using claims data adjusted for the Group's current experience. Adjustments to claims' liabilities are charged or credited to expense in the periods in which they are made.

Reinsurance

The Group does not include reinsured risks as liabilities unless it is probable that those risks will not be covered by the reinsurer. Amounts recoverable through reinsurers on paid claims are classified as receivable and as a reduction of claims expense.

Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results will differ from estimates.

Note 3. Cash, cash equivalents and investments

The Group maintains deposits in several authorized financial institutions. In the case of deposits, custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Group's deposits may not be returned. The Group does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2012 and 2011 deposits totaled \$25,559,590 and \$22,978,818, respectively and had a carrying amount of \$25,442,812 and \$22,974,184, respectively. Of the deposit amounts at June 30, 2012 and 2011, \$8,875,784 and \$4,645,002, respectively, which includes \$2,045,700 and \$2,040,078, respectively on deposit with MMDT, was exposed to custodial credit risk at June 30, 2012 and 2011 because it was uninsured and uncollateralized. The difference between deposit amounts and carrying amounts generally represents outstanding checks and deposits in transit.

The Group maintains two accounts for investments which hold the following at June 30, 2012:

	Fair Market	
	Value	% of
Type		<u>Total</u>
Debt securities:		
US Government & agencies	\$4,085.190	36%
Equity securities	2,458,994	21%
Equity mutual funds	2,333,937	20%
Corporate bonds	845,439	7%
Fixed income mutual funds	1,857,991	16%
	<u>\$11,581,551</u>	

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2012 and 2011

Note 3. Cash, cash equivalents and investments (continued)

Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counter party to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The Group has an investment subcommittee that monitors this risk however the Group does not have a specific investment policy covering custodial credit risk. Investments in open-end mutual funds are not exposed to custodial credit risk because their existence is not evidenced by securities that exist in physical or book entry form. The investment account is insured by Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) up to \$500,000 and is otherwise uninsured and uncollateralized.

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates that will adversely affect the fair market value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair market value to changes in market interest rates. The Group has an investment policy which limits the overall portfolio allocation of fixed income securities to 85% of the total portfolio, but does not otherwise limit the maturities of fixed income securities or further address interest rate risk. The approximate maturities of the Group's debt investments are disclosed in the following table as of June 30, 2012:

	_		Maturity	(In Years)	
Investment Type US Govt. and agency securities	Fair Market <u>Value</u>	One or <u>Less</u>	One to Two	Three to <u>Five</u>	Thereafter
5 ,	\$ 4,085,190	\$ 579,181	\$ 1,124,445	\$ 1,385,188	\$ 996,376
Corporate Bonds Fixed income mutual funds:	845,439	-	-	466,116	379,323
Principal Pref Security Fund	306,221	306,221	-	-	-
Wells Fargo Int'l Bond	602,039	602,039	-	-	_
MFS High Yield Fund	303,743	303,743	-	-	-
Ridgeworth Seix High Inc.	302,408	302,408	-	-	_
TIAA-CREF Inst. Bond	<u>343,580</u>	343,580		_	
Total	<u>\$ 6,788,620</u>	<u>\$ 2,437,172</u>	<u>\$ 1,124,445</u>	<u>\$1,851,304</u>	<u>\$1,375,699</u>

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. Credit risk is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Obligations of the U.S. Government and certain of its agencies are not considered to have credit risk and therefore no rating is disclosed in following table. Equity securities are not rated as to credit risk. The Group has an investment policy which limits the overall portfolio allocation but is not specific as to limit investment choices to certain ratings. The following table discloses the approximate amount of debt investments in each rating classification using Standard & Poor's rating classifications as of June 30, 2012:

			S&P Rating a	s of Year End	_
Investment	Fair Market	<u>AA+</u>			
<u>Type</u>	<u>Value</u>		A to AA	BB to B	Not Rated
US Govt. and agency securities	\$ 4,085,190	\$ 4,085,190	\$ -	\$ -	.\$ -
Corporate Bonds	845,439	-	845,439	-	-
Fixed income mutual funds:					
Principal Pref Security Fund	306,221	, -	-	306,221	-
Wells Fargo Int'l Bond	602,039			602,039	
MFS High Yield Fund	303,743	-	_	303,743	-
Ridgeworth Seix High Inc.	302,408	-	-	302,408	-
TIAA-CREF Inst. Bond	343,580	<u>-</u>		<u>343,580</u>	
Total	<u>\$ 6,788,620</u>	\$ 4,085,190	\$ 845,439	<u>\$ 1,857,991</u>	<u>\$</u>

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2012 and 2011

Note 3. Cash, cash equivalents and investments (continued)

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. The Group has an investment policy which prohibits any one issue (excluding US Government securities) from making up more than 5% of the portfolio. As of June 30, 2012, there are no securities exceeding this threshold.

Note 4. Plan Deposits and Payment Arrangements

The Group pays Blue Cross & Blue Shield (BC/BS) and Harvard Pilgrim Health Care (HPHC) a level, monthly payment each month to cover the expected cost of claims for that month. The amount has been mutually agreed upon to represent approximately one month of projected claims for BC/BS and HPHC plans. There is a quarterly reconciliation and settle-up against actual claims payments made by BC/BS and HPHC on behalf of the Group. Quarterly settle-up payments/credits are generally made for the 1st, 2nd, 3rd, and 4th fiscal year quarters in December, March, June, and September respectively.

The Group pays BC/BS, HPHC monthly, and Delta Dental administrative fees for self-funded health plans based on the number of individual and family subscribers covered under each health plan for the month.

Note 5. Unpaid Claims

The Group establishes a liability for both reported and unreported incurred events which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related adjustment expenses, if any. The following represents changes in claims liabilities during the years ended June 30, 2012 and 2011:

	<u> 2012</u>	<u> 2011</u>
Unpaid claims and claims adjustment expenses-beginning of year	\$ 13,988,759	\$ 10,223,396
Incurred claims and claims adjustment expenses:		
Provision for insured events of the current fiscal year	145,412,749	133,471,826
Increase (decrease) in provision for insured events of prior fiscal years	(4,303,737)	(1,842,073)
	141,109,012	131,629,753
Payments:		
Claims and expenses, net, attributable to insured events – current year	(128,043,326)	(119,481,350)
Claims and expenses, net, attributable to insured events – prior years	<u>(9,686,739)</u>	(8,383,040)
	<u>(137,730,065)</u>	(127,864,390)
Total unpaid claims and claim adjustment expenses—end of year	<u>\$ 17,367,706</u>	<u>\$ 13,988,759</u>

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established (line 3) and shows whether this latest estimate of claims cost is greater or less than originally thought. As data for individual policy years mature, the correlation between original estimates and re-estimated amounts is commonly used to evaluate the accuracy of incurred claims currently recognized in less mature and investment revenues. (1-a) This line shows the amount of existing net assets used to fund each fiscal year's operations, in addition to earned revenues displayed in the event triggered coverage under the contract occurred (called policy year). (4) This section of rows shows how each policy year's incurred claims increased or decreased as of the end of successive years. This annual re-estimation results from new information received on known claims, reevaluation of existing information on known claims, as well as emergence of new claims not previously known. (6) This line compares the latest re-estimated incurred claims amount to the originally The table below illustrates how the Group's earned revenues and investment income compare to related costs of loss and other expenses assumed by the Group as of the end of each of the last ten years. The rows in the table are defined as follows: (1) This line shows the total of each fiscal year's earned contribution revenues This line shows the Group's incurred claims and allocated claims adjustment expense (both paid and accrued) as originally reported at the end of the first year in which line 1, above. (2) This line shows each fiscal year's other operating costs of the Group including overhead and claims expense not allocated to individual claims. (3) policy years. The columns of the table show data for successive policy years:

	6/30/2012	6/30/2011	6/30/2010	6/30/2009	6/30/2008	6/30/2007	6/30/2006	6/30/2005	6/30/2004	6/30/2003
-								-		
1 Earned member assessments, refunds										
and investment revenues	150,080,913	141,270,154	137,921,701	134,055,363	110,975,423	109,321,764	100,387,750	90,400,730	82,818,727	73,728,501
1a Net assets provided (used)										•
by current year operations	(1,897,662)	(498,285)	5,014,000	2,720,689	(4,400,607)	1,046,834	3,623,385	3,438,337	2,975,754	5,454,285
2 Administrative and operating expenses	9,222,526	9,069,287	9,546,016	9,344,537	8,468,641	8,026,446	7,735,384	7,433,816	6,763,642	6,260,985
3 Estimated incurred claims and expense,										
end of fiscal year	145,412,749	133,471,826	125,912,820	124,753,283	109,634,965	102,551,402	89,936,391	82,615,950	73,588,400	62,730,526
4 Paid (cumulative) as of:										
End of fiscal year	128,043,326	119,481,350	115,687,707	111,260,461	98,844,030	90,653,296	80,880,494	75,571,919	64,462,173	56,074,202
One year later		129,161,518	124,322,771	122,682,458 106,891,163	106,891,163	100,040,770	87,640,181	81,944,902	70,036,510	61,567,856
Two years later			124,120,003	122,539,022 106,835,605	106,835,605	100,043,922	87,453,852	81,959,510	69,893,088	61,559,752
Three years later				122,748,908	106,795,002	100,017,640	87,442,275	81,996,340	69,894,398	61,474,697
Four years later					106,789,020	99,988,470	87,431,270	81,987,305	69,827,321	61,469,591
Five years later						99,992,393	87,393,769	81,985,421	69,827,596	61,468,673
Six years later							87,395,281	81,985,507	69,827,596	61,468,372
Seven years later						,		81,985,507	69,826,836	61,468,372
Eight years later									69,826,836	61,467,732
Nine years later										61,467,732
5 Reestimated incurred claims and expense										
End of fiscal year	145,412,749	133,471,826	125,912,820	124,753,283	109,634,965	102,551,402	89,936,391	79,528,577	73,079,330	62,013,231
One year later		129,161,518	124,322,771	122,682,458 106,891,163	106,891,163	100,040,770	87,640,181	81,944,902	70,036,510	61,567,856
Two years later			124,120,003	122,539,022 106,835,605	106,835,605	100,043,922	87,453,852	81,959,510	880,863,088	61,559,752
Three years later				122,748,908	106,795,002	100,017,640	87,442,275	81,996,340	69,894,398	61,474,697
Four years later					106,789,020	99,988,470	87,431,270	81,987,305	69,827,321	61,469,591
Five years later						99,992,393	87,393,769	81,985,421	69,827,596	61,468,673
Six years later							87,395,281	81,985,507	69,827,596	61,468,372
Seven years later								81,985,507	69,826,836	61,468,372
Eight years later									69,826,836	61,467,732
Nine years later										61,467,732
6 (Increase) decrease in estimated incurred										
claims and expense from the end of the						-				
original policy year		4,310,308	1,792,817	2,004,375	2,845,945	2,559,009	2,541,110	630,443	3,761,564	1,262,794